

Question 1 (10 points each)

A) What mass (g) of CO_2 is made when 3.0 L of a stoichiometric mixture of acetylene (C_2H_2) and oxygen at 50 atm, 300 K is combusted?



$$PV = nRT$$

$$n = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{50 \cdot 3}{0.0821 \cdot 300} = 6.09 \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{mol of C}_2\text{H}_2 = 6.09 \left(\frac{2 \cdot \text{mol of C}_2\text{H}_2}{7 \cdot \text{mol of O}_2} \right) = 1.74 \text{ mol}$$

$$1.74 \text{ mol} \left(\frac{4 \cdot \text{mol CO}_2}{2 \cdot \text{mol C}_2\text{H}_2} \right) \left(\frac{44 \text{ g}}{\text{mol}} \right) = 153$$

$$= \boxed{150 \text{ g}}$$

B) Calculate the mass of CO_2 produced by complete surface combustion of 0.50 L of a 5.0 M solution of propanol ($\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}$) in water.

$$\text{molar} = 5.0 (0.5) = 2.5 \text{ mol}$$



$$2.5 \text{ mol} \left(\frac{3 \cdot \text{mol CO}_2}{\text{mol C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH}} \right) \left(\frac{44.0 \text{ g}}{\text{mol}} \right) = \boxed{330 \text{ g}}$$

3 C in propanol
1 C in CO_2

Question 2 (20 points)

A mixture of 10.0 g of H_2 (g) and 15.0 g of O_2 (g) is combusted in a 1.0 L vessel. Calculate the partial pressure of the H_2O (g) produced assuming it is at 1000 K.

$5 \text{ mol } 0.469$
 $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $10.0 \text{ g} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol}}{2.0} \right) = 5 \text{ mol H}_2$
 $15.0 \text{ g} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol}}{32.0} \right) = 0.469 \text{ mol O}_2$
 $0.469 \text{ mol} \left(\frac{2 \text{ mol H}_2\text{O}}{1 \text{ mol O}_2} \right) = 0.934 \text{ mol H}_2\text{O}$

$\text{H}_2 \text{ left} = 5 \text{ mol} - 0.934 \text{ mol} = 4.067 \text{ mol}$
 $PV = nRT$
 $P = \frac{nRT}{V} = \frac{5(0.0821)(1000)}{1} = 410.5 \text{ atm total}$
 $410.5 \text{ atm} \left(\frac{0.934}{5} \right) = \boxed{77 \text{ atm H}_2\text{O}}$

 total mol = 4.067
 after rxn + 0.934
 5 mol
 or just use 0.934 in gas law instead

Question 3 (10 points each)

The Iodine Clock Reaction involves the reaction of iodate (IO_3^-) with iodide (I^-) in acidic solution (H^+) to produce iodine (I_2) and water.

- A) Calculate the volume of 0.100 M IO_3^- solution that will exactly react with 20.0 mL of 0.300 M I^- solution.

$\text{IO}_3^- + 5\text{I}^- + 6\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 3\text{I}_2 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $\text{mole } \text{I}^- = 0.300(0.020) = 0.006 \text{ mol}$
 $0.006 \text{ mol} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol IO}_3^-}{5 \text{ mol I}^-} \right) = 0.0012 \text{ mol}$
 $V = \frac{\text{mol}}{M} = \frac{0.0012}{0.100} = 0.012 \text{ L} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \right) = \boxed{12 \text{ mL}}$

- B) What volume of 0.100 M sulfite (SO_3^{2-}) solution would be required to exactly react with the iodine (I_2) produced in Part A above?

The balanced reaction is: $\text{SO}_3^{2-} + \text{I}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{I}^- + 2\text{H}^+$

$$\text{I}_2 + 2\text{S}^{2-} + 6\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{I}^- + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$$

0.006 mol I^-

$$\text{M mol } \text{I}_2 = 0.006 \left(\frac{2 \text{ mol } \text{I}_2}{2 \text{ mol } \text{I}^-} \right) = 0.003 \text{ mol } \text{I}_2$$

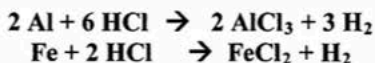
$$\text{mol } \text{SO}_3^{2-} = 0.003 \text{ mol } \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol } \text{SO}_3^{2-}}{1 \text{ mol } \text{I}_2} \right) = 0.003 \text{ mol}$$

$$M = \frac{n}{V}$$

$$V = \frac{n}{M} = \frac{0.003}{0.100} = 0.03 \text{ L} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{\text{L}} \right) = \boxed{30 \text{ mL}}$$

Question 4 (20 points total)

- A) A mixture of aluminum and iron weighing 10.00 g reacts with hydrogen chloride in aqueous solution according to the parallel reactions



A 0.620 g quantity of hydrogen is evolved when the metals react completely. Calculate the mass of iron in the original mixture. (15 points)

$\text{H}_2 = 0.620 \text{ g} \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol H}_2}{2.0 \text{ g}} \right) = 0.31 \text{ mol H}_2$
Molar Mass Al = 27.0
Molar Mass Fe = 55.9

$x + y = 10.00 \text{ g}$

$\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{x}{27.0} \right) + \frac{y}{55.9} = 0.31$

$\frac{3x}{54} + \frac{y}{55.9} = 0.31$

$\frac{x}{18} + \frac{y}{55.9} = 0.31 \quad (55.9)$

$3.106x + y = 17.33$

$y = 17.33 - 3.106x$

$x + (17.33 - 3.106x) = 10.00$
 $-2.106x = -7.33$
 $x = 3.48$
 $y = 10.00 - 3.48$
 $y = 6.52$

$\rightarrow \frac{3 \text{ mole H}_2}{\text{mole Al}} \quad \text{vs} \quad \frac{1 \text{ mole H}_2}{1 \text{ mole Fe}}$

B) Three trials yield the following results for the mass of H_2 produced in the above reactions:

0.738 g 0.516 g 0.815 g 0.920 g

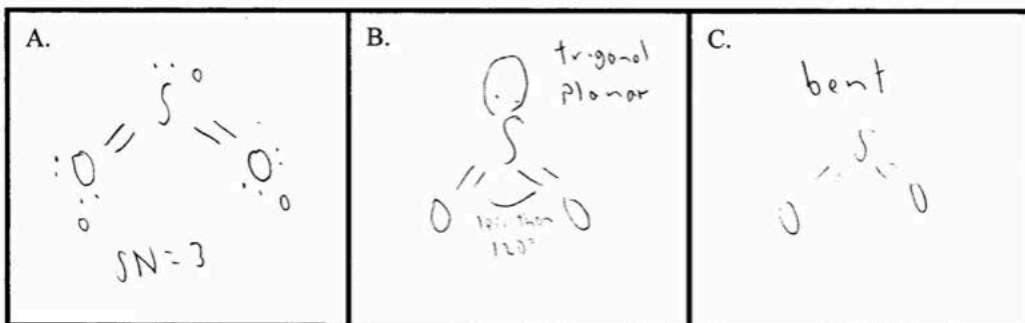
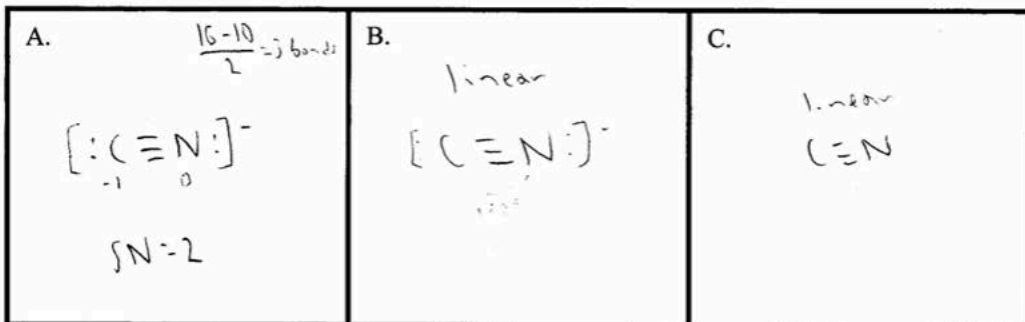
Calculate the standard deviation of the mean for these results. (5 points)

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \quad \bar{x} = \frac{0.738 + 0.516 + 0.815 + 0.920}{4} = \frac{2.989}{4} = 0.747 \quad n=4$$
$$= \sqrt{\frac{(0.738 - 0.747)^2 + (0.516 - 0.747)^2 + (0.815 - 0.747)^2 + (0.920 - 0.747)^2}{4}}$$
$$= \sqrt{1.000071 - 0.05334 + 0.02462 + 0.2297} = \boxed{0.17g}$$

Question 5 (10 Points each)

For the following compounds:

- A. Draw the Lewis Structure, explicitly showing the formal charges and molecular geometry
 B. Indicate the Electron Pair Geometry
 C. Indicate the Molecular Geometry

I. Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)**II. Cyanide (CN⁻) ion**

100 / 100

QUESTION 1

1 1A 10 / 10

- ✓ + **10 pts** Correct Answer (150g of CO₂)
- + **3 pts** Correct Balanced Equation (C₂H₂+5/2O₂ -> 2 CO₂ + H₂O)
- + **4 pts** Correct use of stoichiometric mixture (perfect mixture of C₂H₂ and O₂ so that all reactants are reacted, 5 moles of O₂ per 2 moles of C₂H₂)
- + **2 pts** Correct Use of Ideal Gas Law (PV=nRT, should get 6.09 moles of reactant gas total)
- + **0 pts** Incorrect
- + **0 pts** Flag For Review

QUESTION 2

2 1B 10 / 10

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct
- **3 pts** Incorrect stoichiometry
- **3 pts** Incorrect calculations
- **2 pts** Incorrect sig. figs.
- **1 pts** Math error
- **5 pts** No calculations
- **10 pts** Incorrect or blank
- **10 pts** Flag for review

QUESTION 3

3 2 20 / 20

- ✓ + **20 pts** correct answer 77atm
- + **5 pts** correct balanced eq
- + **10 pts** O₂ limiting
- + **5 pts** mole fraction equation
- + **15 pts** math error but otherwise correct
- + **0 pts** incorrect

QUESTION 4

4 3A 10 / 10

- ✓ + **10 pts** Correct Answer: 12 mL of IO₃⁻
- + **4 pts** Correct Balanced Equation
- + **2 pts** Calculated Correct number of I⁻ moles
- + **0 pts** No points
- **2 pts** Correct final answer, but Incorrect balanced equation
- **2 pts** Incorrect Significant Figures

QUESTION 5

5 3B 10 / 10

- ✓ + **10 pts** All correct! Nice job--you should be proud of yourself! You're on your way to becoming an excellent chemist (correct answer: 36 mL)
- + **2 pts** Identified that IO₃⁻ is in a 1:3 stoichiometric ratio with I₂
- + **2 pts** Identified 1:1 stoichiometric ratio of I₂ and SO₃²⁻
- + **3 pts** Converted mol SO₃²⁻ to mL sulfite solution
- + **3 pts** Correct answer of 36 mL
- **0.5 pts** incorrectly labeled answer
- **2 pts** incorrect number of significant figures (should be 2, as per test instructions)
- + **0 pts** I'm sorry to report that your answer is entirely incorrect :(
- + **0 pts** CAN'T READ FLAG

QUESTION 6

6 4A 15 / 15

- ✓ + **3 pts** mol H₂
- ✓ + **3 pts** mass Al/Fe
- ✓ + **3 pts** mass to mol metal
- ✓ + **3 pts** setup/math
- ✓ + **3 pts** answer
- + **0 pts** FLAG FOR REVIEW
- + **0 pts** Click here to replace this description.

+ 0 pts Click here to replace this description.

QUESTION 7

7 4B 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correctly uses

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (x - \bar{x})^2}{N-1}}$$

where \bar{x} is the average

- 0 pts Correctly uses

$$s_m = \frac{s}{\sqrt{N}}$$

- 1.5 pts Missing Units

- 1 pts Math error sig figs

- 2.5 pts Incorrect standard deviation formula or standard deviation of the mean

- 5 pts Incorrect/no work shown

- 5 pts flagged for review

QUESTION 8

8 5.1 A-C 10 / 10

- 2 pts Incorrect Lewis Structure

- 2 pts Incorrect Formal Charges

- 3 pts Got part a wrong and that affected B and C

- 3 pts Incorrect Electron Pair Geometry

- 3 pts Incorrect Molecular Geometry

- 1.5 pts Partial Credit for B or C

✓ - 0 pts All correct

- 1 pts partial credit

- 0 pts Click here to replace this description.

- 0 pts Flag for review (can't read)

QUESTION 9

9 5.2 A-C 10 / 10

- 2 pts Formal charge

- 2 pts lewis structure

- 3 pts electron pair geometry

- 3 pts molecular geometry

✓ - 0 pts Full Credit

- 0 pts Flag For Review