

EECS 140 SPRING 96 MIDTERM 1  
RW BRODERSEN

Use the following model parameters

$K_p' = K_n' = 100 \text{ "mu" A/V}^2$   
 $LAMBDA_n = LAMBDA_p = .02$   
 $GAMMA_n = GAMMA_p = 0$   
 $V_{tn} = V_{tp} = 1v$

- 1a)  $V_{t0}$
- b) GAMMA
- c)  $k'$
- d) LAMBDA

2)  $(W/L)_{mx}$

- 3a)  $I_{ds}$
- b)  $V_{out}$
- c)  $R_{in}$ 
  - $R_{out}$
  - $A_v$

4)  $V_{out, max}$   
 $V_{out, min}$

5)  $R_l$   
 $R_{ref}$

6)  $I_{out}/I_{ref}$

7)  $(W/L)_{m1}$   
 $(W/L)_{m2}$   
 $(W/L)_{m3}$   
 $(W/L)_{m4}$   
 $(W/L)_{m5}$   
 $R$

8)  $R_{out}$

9)  $R_{out}$   
 $A_v$

1) Calculate LAMBDA,  $k'$ , GAMMA, AND  $V_{t0}$  Assuming that  $W/L = 1$  and  $2\Phi = 6V$  for

2)

$$(W/L)_{m1} = (W/L)_{m2} = (W/L)_{m3} = (W/L)_{m4} = (W/L)_{m5} = 10$$

What is the value for  $(W/L)_{mx}$  so that  $V_{out}$  has a DC voltage of 0V? (You don't need to know  $V_{DD}$  or  $V_{SS}$ )

3)

a) What is  $I_{ds}$  of  $m1$ ?

b) What is the DC voltage at  $V_{out}$ ?

c) If  $I_{ds}(m1) = 10 \mu\text{A}$ , what are  $R_{in}$ ,  $R_{out}$ , and  $A_v$ ?

4)

If  $V_{in}$  can vary from 0 - 5 V, what is the range of  $V_{out}$ ?

5)

Calculate the values of  $R_L$  and  $R_{ref}$  so that the DC voltage at  $V_{out} = 0\text{V}$  and the

6)

Assume all transistors have  $V_t=1V$  and  $V_{dsat}=.2V$  with  $LAMBDA=.1$   
What is the ratio  $I_{out}/I_{ref}$  if  $V_o$  is at  $0V$ ?

7)

Choose the  $(W/L)$ 's and  $R$  so that the current source gives and  $I_{out} = 100 \mu A$

8)

What is  $R_{out}$ ?

9)

a) What is  $R_{out}$ ?

b) What is  $A_v = V_{out} / (V_i^+ - V_i^-)$ ?