

Name

Midterm 2

General Notes:

- You are allowed to bring the NDS, the NDS Supplement and one note sheet
- All loading combinations should follow ASD
- For a member to be acceptable, its demand/capacity ratio must be equal to or less than 1.00; its interaction must be equal to or less than 1.00
- Do not reduce any live loads unless asked to
- Assume $C_m = C_t = C_L = C_{fi} = C_i = 1.0$ unless noted otherwise
- Box, cloud, or highlight final answers
- When making assumptions, clearly state what they are
- Unreasonable or overly conservative assumptions may not receive credit

	Score	Maximum
Problem 1	8	8
Problem 2	8	8
Problem 3	10	10
Problem 4	8	8
Problem 5	8	8
Problem 6	7	8
Totals	49	50

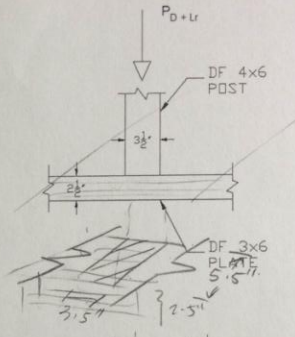
Good!

Good luck!

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8/8 Problem 1 (8 pts): Post Bearing

Given: Load = D + L_r
Post = 4x6 (3.5" x 5.5")
F_c' = 1,485 psi
C_p = 0.525
F_{cL} = 625 psi



- a) What is the value of C_b?
b) What is the maximum allowable load P?
What is the limiting condition?

a) assume $l_{end} > 3"$, $l_b = 3\frac{1}{2}"$ ✓
4/4 $C_b = \frac{l_b + 3\frac{1}{2}"}{l_b} = \frac{3.5" + 3\frac{1}{2}"}{3.5"} = 1.11$ ✓

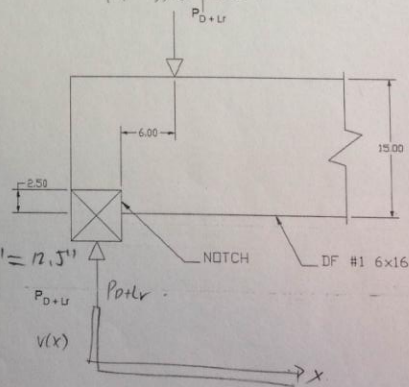
b) bearing area = $3.5" \times 5.5" = 19.25 \text{ in}^2$
4/4 $F_{cL} = C_m C_t C_i C_b F_{cL} = (625 \text{ psi})(1.11) = 694 \text{ psi}$ ✓
 $F_c = C_p F_c' = (0.525)(1485 \text{ psi}) = 780 \text{ psi} > 694 \text{ psi}$ ✓

F_{cL} controls,
 $P_A \leq F_{cL} = 694 \text{ psi}$ ✓
 $P \leq 13.36 \text{ kips}$ ✓

Limiting condition is bearing failure in 3x6 plate. ✓

9/3 Problem 2 (8 pts): Shear with Notch and Point Load

Given: Load = D + L
Beam = 6x16 (5.5" x 15")
F_v' = 170 psi



- 4/4 a) What is the reduction factor for P?

4/4 a) $\frac{x}{d} = \frac{6}{15} = 0.4$ ✓

- 4/4 b) What is the maximum allowable load

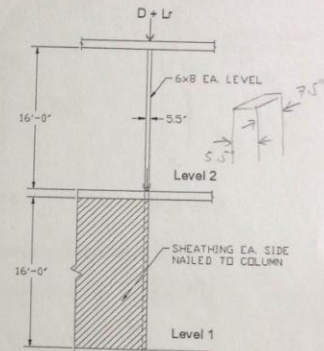
b) $V_i' = \left[\frac{2}{3} F_v' b c n \right] \left(\frac{c n}{d} \right)^2$, $c n = 15" - 2.5" = 12.5"$
 $= \left[\frac{2}{3} (170 \text{ psi})(5.5")(12.5") \right] \left[\frac{12.5"}{15"} \right]^2$
 $= 5.41 \text{ kips}$ ✓

$V_{max} = 0.4 P \leq 5.41 \text{ kips}$
 $P \leq 13.53 \text{ kips}$ ✓ 2

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10/10 Problem 3 (10 pts): Two-Story Column Stack

Given: Species = DF #1
Column = 6x8 (5.5" x 7.5")
Assume separate pieces at both levels
Ke = 1.0
Fc* = 1,000 psi
Emin = 580,000 psi



- 2/2 a) What is the controlling l_e/d at Level 1?
2/2 b) What is the controlling l_e/d at Level 2?
2/2 c) Assume the controlling load at Level 2 is (D + Lr) = 20,000 lbs. and Cp = 0.289. What is the column D/C ratio at Level 2?
2/2 d) What is the value of Fce at Level 2 for the load case (D+Lr)?
2/2 e) Assume the column is continuous over the two stories, giving Ke = 0.80. Now what is the value of Fce at Level 2 for the load case (D+Lr)? How will this affect the final D/C ratio for this column?

a) $ke = 1.0$ (due to sheathing in y-axis. h) $ke = 1.0$ (no sheathing.)
 $\frac{l_e}{d} = \frac{(16')(12)}{7.5"} = 25.6$ ✓ $\frac{l_e}{d} = \frac{(16')(12)}{5.5"} = 34.9$ ✓

c) $F_c' = C_p F_c^* = (0.289)(1000 \text{ psi}) = 289 \text{ psi}$
 $A = (5.5')(7.5') = 41.25 \text{ in}^2$
 $f_c = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{20000 \text{ lb}}{41.25 \text{ in}^2} = 485 \text{ psi}$ $\frac{D}{C} = \frac{485 \text{ psi}}{289 \text{ psi}} = 1.68 > 1.0$ N.G. ✓

d) $F_{ce} = \frac{0.822 E_{min}}{\left(\frac{l_e}{d}\right)^2} = \frac{(0.822)(580000 \text{ psi})}{(34.9)^2} = 291.4 \text{ psi}$ ✓

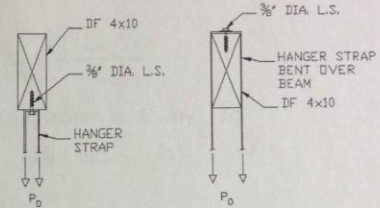
e) $\frac{l_e}{d} = \frac{(0.8)(16')(12)}{5.5"} = 27.7$
 $F_{ce} = \frac{0.822 E_{min}}{\left(\frac{l_e}{d}\right)^2} = \frac{(0.822)(580000 \text{ psi})}{(27.7)^2} = 612 \text{ psi}$ ✓

this will increase the value of Cp and therefore Fc'. D/C will decrease as a result. ✓

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Problem 4 (8 pts): Hanger Strap 8

Given: Species = DF #1 ($G = 0.50$)
Hanger tension load = Dead only
Lag Screw = $3/8" \times 6"$
Thread len. $T = 3.5"$
Tip len. $E = 0.25"$



a) For Version I, what is the allowable P_D for this connection?

VERSION I

VERSION II

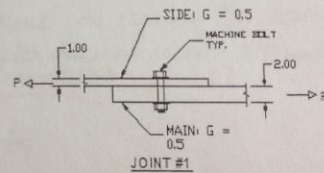
b) What is the difference between Versions 1 & 2 in terms of their effect on the supporting beam? Which is preferable?

a) W from NDS for $G = 0.5$, $\phi = 3/8"$ lag screw = 305 lb/in.
 $l_p = T - E = 3.5" - 0.25" = 3.25"$
 $W' = W (C_p C_m C_t C_e) = (305 \text{ lb/in.})(0.9) = 275 \text{ lb/in.}$
 $W' = (275 \text{ lb/in.})(3.25") = 892 \text{ lb.}$
 $\therefore P_D \leq \boxed{892 \text{ lb}}$

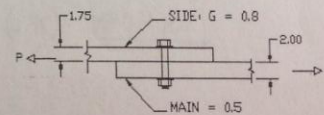
Problem 5 (8 pts) Yield Limit Equations & Dowel Bearing 8

Mode I_s = dowel bearing yield in side member
Mode I_m = dowel bearing yield in main member
Mode II = rigid body rotation of fastener

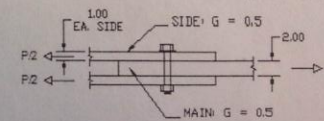
- For which joints will the Mode I_s capacity be greater than the Mode I_m capacity?
- For which joints must Mode II be checked?
- Which joint will have the greatest capacity? Why?
- Given fastener diameter $D = 0.75"$ and $G = 0.80$, calculate F_{eL} and F_{eL} .



JOINT #1



JOINT #2



JOINT #3

$\Rightarrow a, b, c, d$

Problem 4

- b) version II distributes the force better along the beam's cross-section and is therefore more preferable. Version I may cause stress concentration at the lag screw.

Problem 5

a) I_m $Z = \frac{D l_m F_{em}}{R_d}$ I_s : $Z = \frac{D l_s F_{es}}{R_d}$

Since D, R_d the same, only variation are l_s, F_e .

For joint # 1, 3, $l_s \leq l_m$ while $G_m = G_s$, so $Z_s \leq Z_m$

For joint # 2, although $l_s < l_m$, $F_{es} > F_{em}$ since $G_s = 0.8$ and $G_m = 0.5$.

If $\phi \leq 0.15"$, $F_e = 16600 G^{1.84}$, $\left(\frac{G_s}{G_m}\right)^{1.84} = 2.37 > \frac{2}{1.75}$

If $\phi \leq 0.25"$, $F_{e1} = 11200 G$, $\frac{G_s}{G_m} = 1.6 > \frac{2}{1.75}$

So for joint # 2, I_s mode will have greater capacity.

- b) mode II (rigid rotation) should be checked for single shear connections # 1 and # 2.

- c) joint # 3 will have the greatest capacity since the capacity Z is determined by the weakest yield mode. Because it is a double shear connection its weakest yield mode will be stronger than the rest of connections Good!

d) $D = 0.75" > 0.25"$, $G = 0.8$

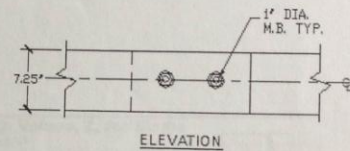
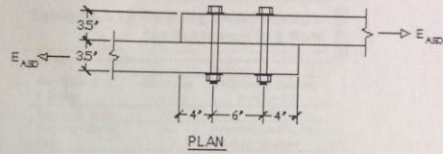
$$F_{e1} = 11200 G = (11200)(0.8) = \boxed{8960 \text{ psi}}$$

$$F_{e2} = 6100 G^{1.45} (D)^{-0.5} = 6100 (0.8)^{1.45} (0.75)^{-0.5} = \boxed{5097 \text{ psi}}$$

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Problem 6 (8 pts) Truss Chord Splice 7

Given: Species = DF #1
Chord = 4x8 (3.5" x 7.25")
Type = softwood
Tension load = Seismic
 $F_t = 675$ psi
 C_t (tension) = 1.2



- What is the value of C_A for this connection?
- Using the value of C_A calculated above, what is the allowable tension load for this connection?
- If the allowable connection load is taken as 7,250 lbs., what is the D/C ratio for the chord members?

a) end distance requirement:

actual = 4"

required for $C_A = 1.0 = 7D = (7)(1") = 7"$

$$C_A = \frac{4"}{7"} = 0.57$$

$$\therefore C_A = \boxed{0.57}$$

Spacing requirement:

only 1 row, $C_A = 1.0$.

for parallel loading to grain

$$\text{Spacing Along Row: } \frac{C_t}{t} = 6D > 4D$$

b) Z value for $\phi = 1"$ bolts, DF ($G = 0.150$), $Z_{II} = 2260$ lb., $Z_I = 720$ lb.
force is parallel to grain \rightarrow use Z_{II}

$$Z' = Z (C_A C_m C_t C_g C_e C_i C_{en}) = (2260 \text{ lb}) (1.6) (0.57) = 2061 \text{ lb.}$$

There are 2 bolts \rightarrow Allowable $\leq (2061 \text{ lb}) (2) = \boxed{4122 \text{ lb.}}$

$$c) A_g = (3.5") (7.25") = 25.4 \text{ in}^2 \quad | \quad A_n = A_g - (d + \frac{1}{16}")(t) = 25.4 \text{ in}^2 - (\frac{17}{16}")(3.5") = 21.68 \text{ in}^2$$

$$f_t = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{7250 \text{ lb}}{21.68 \text{ in}^2} = 334.4 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_t = F_t (C_A C_m C_t C_i) = (675 \text{ psi}) (1.6) (1.2) = 1296 \text{ psi} \quad \text{Good}$$

$$\frac{P}{F_t} = \frac{334}{1296} = \boxed{0.26} < 1.0 \quad \text{ok}$$