Midterm 2

Name	
T.A	

The boxes below are for your scores, do not write in them! Write your solutions in the spaces provided after each problem.

1		10
2	-	15
3		15
4	- -	15
5	2	10
Total		65

1. Find the numbers x and y which give the best solution (in the sense of least squares) to the inconsistent system of equations

$$1 = 2x + y$$

$$3 = y$$

$$3 = x + y$$

$$5 = x + y$$

- 2. Let W be the set of all (x, y, z, w) : x + y = z + w = 0.
 - (a) Find an orthogonal basis for W.
 - (b) Find the orthogonal projection of (2,0,3,5) onto W.
 - (c) Find the distance from (2,0,3,5) to W.

- 3. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (a) Find the eigenvalues of A.
 - (b) We know that there exist matrices S and T such that $A = STS^{-1}$, where T is upper triangular and S is invertible. Find T.
 - (c) Now find S.

4. Let
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

- (a) Find the eigenvalues of A.
- (b) We know that there exist matrices S and T such that $A = STS^{-1}$, where T is upper triangular. Find T.
- (c) Now find S.

- 5. For each of the following matrices A, you are asked to determine whether or not there exist matrices S and D such that $A = SDS^{-1}$, with S invertible and then with S orthogonal. In the appropriate place in the box below, write Y if S and D with the properties named exist, N if not, and M if there is not enough information to tell.
 - (a) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (b) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (c) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (d) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (e) A is a matrix whose characteristic polynomial is X(X-1)(X-2).

	Invertible S	Orthogonal S
a		
b		
С		
d		
e		