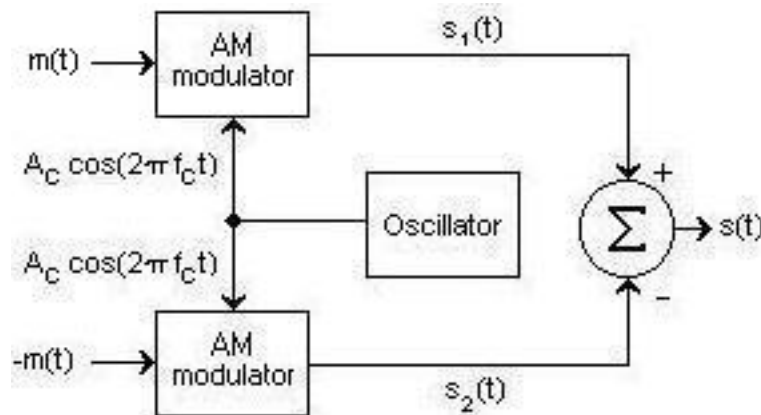


## EECS 121, Spring 1996 Midterm #2

Note : Please answer all questions. Please answer with sufficient detail and clarity that there is no ambiguity about your answer.

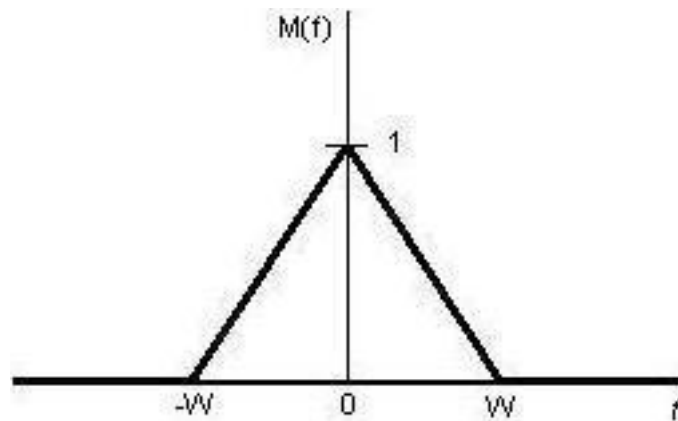
### Problem #1

The diagram show is that of a *balanced modulator* which is used to generate a DSB-SC AM signal.



Here  $s_1(t) = A_c [1 + k_a m(t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$  and  $s_2(t) = A_c [1 - k_a m(t)] \cos(2\pi f_c t)$  where  $k_a$  is a fixed constant called the *amplitude sensitivity* of the modulator.

The input message signal  $m(t)$  is a lowpass signal having the following Fourier transform:



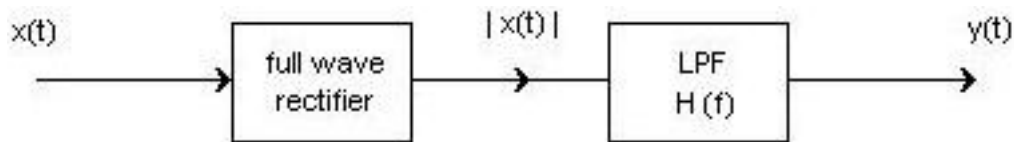
Here we assume that  $W \ll f_c$ .

(a) Plot  $S_I(f)$ .(b) Plot  $S(f)$ .**Problem #2**

Let  $x(t) = \frac{1 - \cos t}{t}$ . Find the corresponding Hilbert transform  $\hat{X}(f)$ .

**Problem #3**

Consider a bandpass signal  $x(t) = V(t) \cos(2\pi f_0 t + \Theta(t))$  where  $f_0 = 100$ ,  $V(t) = \sin t^2$ , and  $\Theta(t) = 2\pi \sin(2\pi t)$ . Determine the output  $y(t)$  of the following system:



Here the lowpass filter transfer function is given by

$$H(f) = \begin{cases} 1, & |f| < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

*Hint:* Write  $|\cos(2\pi f_0 t)|$  as a Fourier series.

**Problem #4**

Let  $X$  be a random variable with the density

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{x^2}{\sigma^2}}, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Here  $\sigma > 0$  is a parameter. Such a random variable is said to have a Rayleigh density.

(a) Find  $E[X]$ . (*Hint:* What is the variance of a Gaussian random variable?)

(b) Find  $\text{Var}(X)$ .

(c) Let  $Y = X^2$ . Find the density of  $Y$ .

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