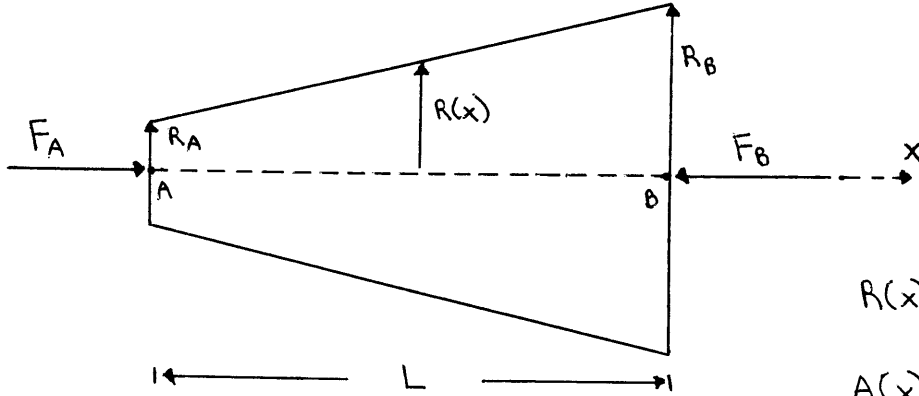


Midterm exam 2 solutions

Problem 1

a.



$$R(x) = R_A + \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) x$$

$$A(x) = \pi [R(x)]^2$$

equilibrium: $F_A - F_B = 0 \longrightarrow F_A = F_B = F$

compatibility: $\delta_{B/A} = 0$ where $\delta_{B/A} = \int_0^L \frac{-F}{EA(x)} dx + \alpha \Delta T L$

$$-\frac{F}{E\pi} \int_0^L \frac{dx}{\left[R_A + \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) x \right]^2} + \alpha \Delta T L = 0$$

or,

$$F = \frac{\pi E \alpha \Delta T L}{\int_0^L \left[R_A + \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) x \right]^{-2} dx}$$

let $u = R_A + \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) x$

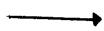
then $du = \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) dx$ and $u(0) = R_A$, $u(L) = R_B$

so,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^L \left[R_A + \left(\frac{R_B - R_A}{L} \right) x \right]^{-2} dx &= \int_{R_A}^{R_B} \left(\frac{L}{R_B - R_A} \right) \frac{1}{u^2} du \\ &= \left(\frac{L}{R_B - R_A} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{u} \right) \Big|_{R_A}^{R_B} \\ &= \frac{L}{R_A R_B} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 1

a.



$$F = \pi E \alpha \Delta T R_A R_B$$

b.

$$\sigma_{AVG}(x) = \frac{F}{A(x)} \quad \Delta \sigma \quad (\sigma_{AVG})_{MAX} = \frac{F}{A_{MIN}} = \frac{F}{A(0)} = \frac{F}{\pi R_A^2}$$

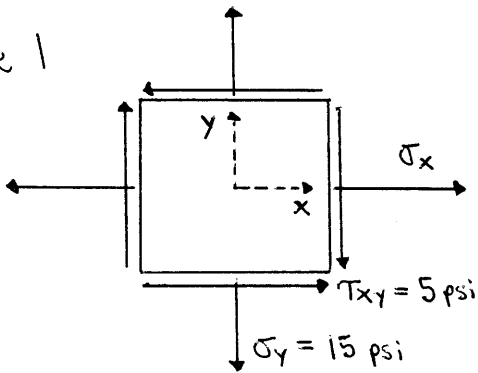


$$(\sigma_{AVG})_{MAX} = E \alpha \Delta T \left(\frac{R_B}{R_A} \right) \text{ at } A(x=0)$$

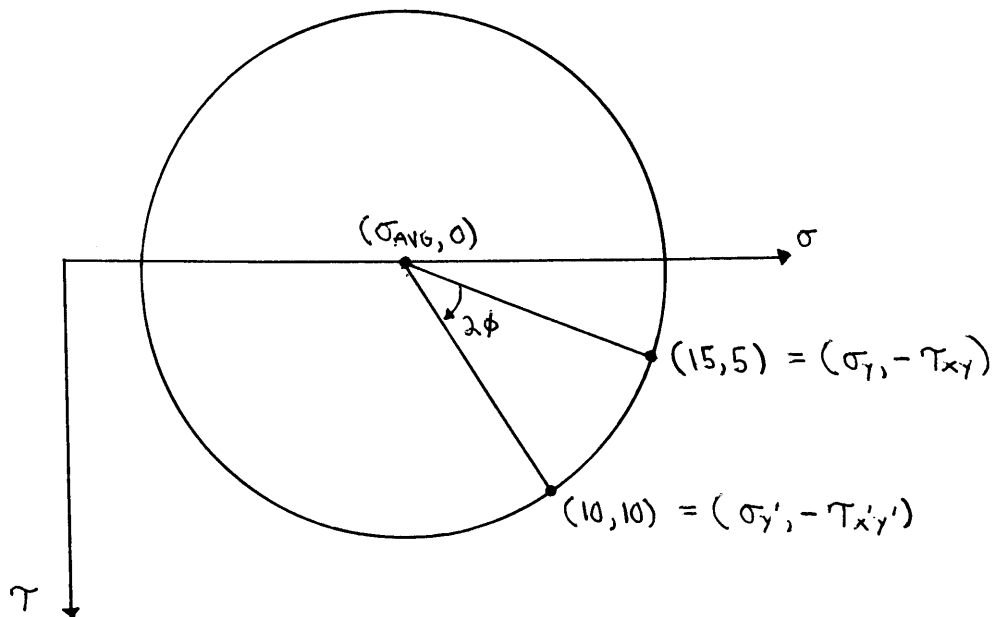
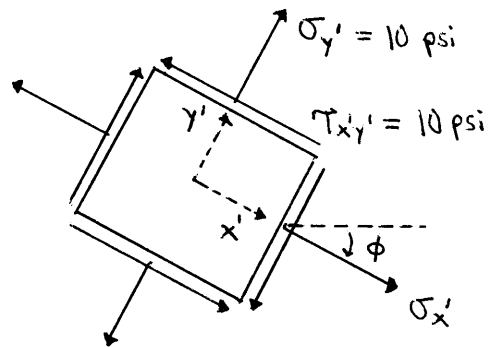
Problem 2

a.

plane 1



plane 2



Problem 2

a. equate radii : $(15 - \sigma_{AVG})^2 + 5^2 = (10 - \sigma_{AVG})^2 + 10^2$

$$225 - 30\sigma_{AVG} + \sigma_{AVG}^2 + 25 = 100 - 20\sigma_{AVG} + \sigma_{AVG}^2 + 100$$

$$50 = 10\sigma_{AVG}$$

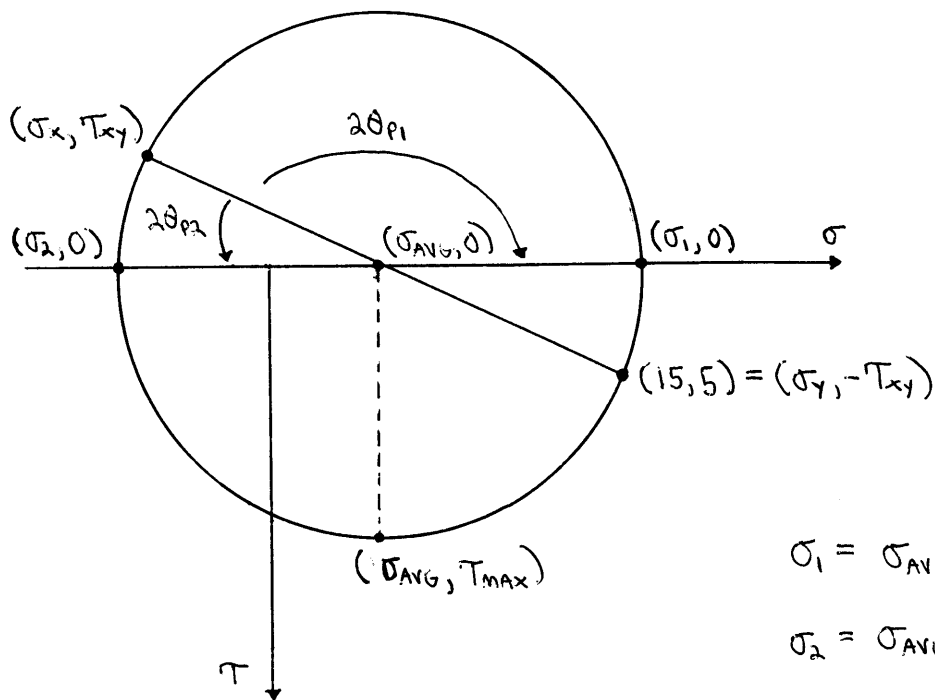
$$\sigma_{AVG} = 5 \text{ psi}$$

angle : $2\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{10 - \sigma_{AVG}}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{15 - \sigma_{AVG}}\right)$

$$\phi = 18.4^\circ$$

b. $\sigma_{AVG} = 5 \text{ psi}$

$$\tau_{MAX} = R = \sqrt{(10 - \sigma_{AVG})^2 + 10^2} = 5\sqrt{5} = 11.2 \text{ psi}$$



$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_{AVG} + \tau_{MAX} = 16.2 \text{ psi}$$

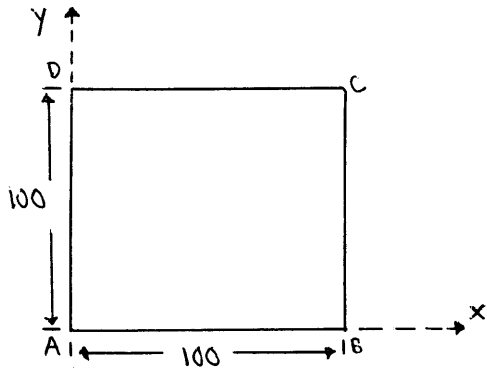
$$\sigma_2 = \sigma_{AVG} - \tau_{MAX} = -6.2 \text{ psi}$$

$$\theta_{p2} = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{15 - \sigma_{AVG}}\right) = 13.3^\circ \text{ counter-clockwise}$$

$$\theta_{p1} = 90^\circ - \theta_{p2} = 76.7^\circ \text{ clockwise}$$

c. from (b), $\tau_{MAX} = 11.2 \text{ psi}$ and $\sigma_{AVG} = 5 \text{ psi}$

Problem 3



$$u(x, y) = 0.01x + 0.05y$$

$$v(x, y) = -0.03x + 0.02y$$

a.

$$\epsilon_x = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \boxed{0.01}$$

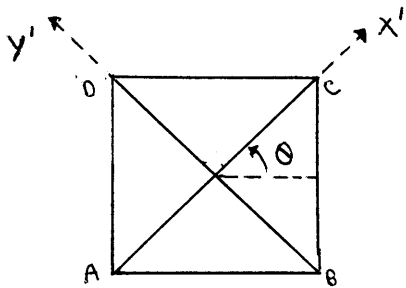
$$\epsilon_y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = \boxed{0.02}$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 0.05 - 0.03 = \boxed{0.02}$$

b.

$$\overline{AB} = (1 + \epsilon_x)(\overline{AB}_0) = 1.01(100) = \boxed{101}$$

c.



$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

$$\gamma_{x'y'} = (\epsilon_y - \epsilon_x) \sin 2\theta + \gamma_{xy} \cos 2\theta$$

$$= \epsilon_y - \epsilon_x$$

$$= 0.01$$

$$\theta_{AC, BD} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \gamma_{x'y'} = 1.56 \text{ rad} = \boxed{89.4^\circ}$$

d.

$$E = 100 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\nu = 0.3$$

$$G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)} = \frac{500}{13} \text{ GPa} \approx 38.5 \text{ GPa}$$

Problem 3

d. $\tau_{xy} = G\gamma_{xy} = \left(\frac{500}{13} \text{ GPa}\right)(0.02) = 769 \text{ MPa}$

stress-strain relations: $\epsilon_x = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_x - \nu(\sigma_y + \sigma_z)]$ (1)

$$\epsilon_y = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_y - \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_z)]$$
 (2)

$$\epsilon_z = \frac{1}{E} [\sigma_z - \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_y)]$$
 (3)

plane strain: $\epsilon_z = 0$ from (3) $\longrightarrow \sigma_z = \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_y)$

substituting in (1) and (2),

$$E\epsilon_x = \sigma_x - \nu[\sigma_y + \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_y)] = (1 - \nu^2)\sigma_x - \nu(1 + \nu)\sigma_y$$

$$E\epsilon_y = \sigma_y - \nu[\sigma_x + \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_y)] = -\nu(1 + \nu)\sigma_x + (1 - \nu^2)\sigma_y$$

or,

$$1 \text{ GPa} = 0.91\sigma_x - 0.39\sigma_y$$

$$2 \text{ GPa} = -0.39\sigma_x + 0.91\sigma_y$$

so,

$$1.0939 = \sigma_x - 0.4286\sigma_y$$

$$+ \quad 5.1282 = -\sigma_x + 2.3333\sigma_y$$

$$\hline 6.2271 = \quad 1.9047\sigma_y$$

\longrightarrow

$$\sigma_y = 3.27 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\sigma_x = 2.50 \text{ GPa}$$

$$\sigma_z = \nu(\sigma_x + \sigma_y) = 1.73 \text{ GPa}$$