

There are 6 problems marked **(E)**, and 4 problems **(H)**. Each question is 10 points, but your two highest scores on a **(H)** question are doubled. (It is possible to score 120 points.) 90 points is enough for an *A* on the exam, so a student who gets two **(H)** questions and 6 of the remaining 8 questions has an *A* with 10 points to spare.

1. **(E)** Two six sided dice are rolled. For each pair of events in the following table, determine if they are independent and/or disjoint.

| Event <i>A</i>       | Event <i>B</i>             | Independent? | Disjoint? |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| First die comes up 3 | First die comes up 3 or 4  | No           | No        |
| First die comes up 6 | First die comes up 1 or 2  |              |           |
| First die comes up 6 | Second die comes up 1 or 2 |              |           |
| First die comes up 5 | Dice add to 6              |              |           |
| First die comes up 5 | Dice add to 7              |              |           |
| First die comes up 5 | Dice add to 12             |              |           |
| First die comes up 5 | Dice add to 13             |              |           |

2. **(E)** Prove that all planar embeddings of a given connected planar graph have the same number of faces.
3. **(E)** A 5 card hand is dealt from a standard 52 card deck. Let the events

$$Q = \text{“The hand contains at least one Queen.”}$$

$$H = \text{“The hand contains at least one Heart.”}$$

Calculate  $\mathbf{P}\{Q\}$ ,  $\mathbf{P}\{H\}$ ,  $\mathbf{P}\{Q \vee H\}$  and  $\mathbf{P}\{Q \wedge H\}$ . (Be sure to calculate the easier of  $\mathbf{P}\{Q \vee H\}$  and  $\mathbf{P}\{Q \wedge H\}$  first!)

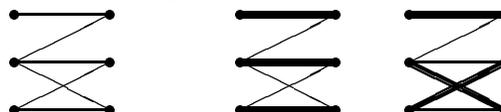
4. **(E)** How many 4-digit campus telephone numbers have one or more consecutive repeated digits? (Each digit is randomly selected from  $\{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$ . 4422 counts, but 2424 doesn't.)
5. **(E)** A tree has  $6k$  nodes,
- $2k$  nodes of degree 1
  - $3k$  nodes of degree 2
  - $k$  nodes of degree 3

Find  $k$  and show that it is uniquely determined.

6. **(E)** An ASCII character is 8 bits. Suppose each character is transmitted along a modem with an extra parity bit which is the exclusive-or of the 8 bits.
- (a) Describe the set  $C$  of 9-bit code words transmitted.
  - (b) Find the hamming distance,  $d$ , of  $C$ .
  - (c) How many errors can be detected in the code?
  - (d) How many errors can be corrected in the code?

7. **(H)**

Let  $G$  be a random  $n \times n$  bipartite graph with each edge included independently with probability  $\frac{1}{n}$ . Let  $N$  be the number of ways to make a perfect matching in  $G$ . For example, if  $G$  is the following graph,  $N = 2$ , and the two perfect matchings are listed to the right.



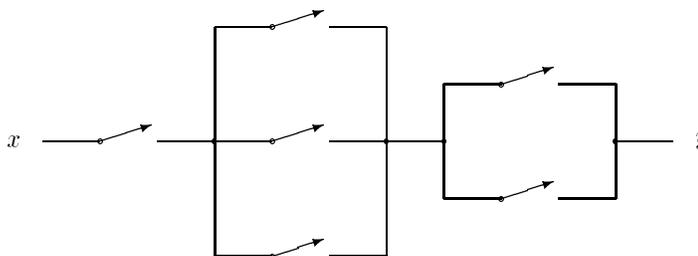
- (7 points) What is  $\mathbf{E}\{N\}$ ?
- (3 points) How does  $\mathbf{E}\{N\}$  compare with  $\mathbf{P}\{N \geq 1\}$ ? What does this say about the probability  $G$  has a perfect matching when  $n \rightarrow \infty$ ?

8. (H) A tournament is a directed graph with exactly one edge between every pair of vertices. In other words, to get a tournament, take a complete undirected graph and direct each edge. Show that every tournament has a hamiltonian path.

Hint: One way to begin a proof is:

Let  $v$  be any vertex in tournament  $G$ . Partition the vertices of  $G$  into three sets,  $\{v\}$ ,  $S$ , and  $T$ , where  $S$  is the set of vertices in  $G$  which point to  $v$ , and  $T$  is the set of vertices which  $v$  points to.

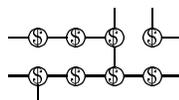
9. (H) Assume each switch in the following circuit will be closed (i.e., a connection is made) independently with probability  $p$ .



- (a) Find the probability that all switches are closed.
- (b) Find the probability that  $x$  and  $y$  are connected.
- (c) You do a test and find that  $x$  and  $y$  are connected. Now what is the probability that all switches are closed?

10. (H)

- (a) Find all winning moves in the following Nimstring position.



- (b) Draw the corresponding Dots & Boxes position. How many boxes will you get in a well played game from this position?