

This is a closed-book exam: no notes, books or calculators are allowed. Explain your answers in complete English sentences; no credit will be given for a “correct answer” that is not explained fully.

**1** (*3 points*). Calculate the number of primitive roots mod  $35035 = 5 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 11 \cdot 13$ .

**2** (*6 points*). What is the remainder when one divides the prime number 1234567891 by 11? What is the remainder when  $11^{1234567890}$  is divided by 1234567891?

**3** (*5 points*). Find a mod 29 inverse to the  $2 \times 2$  matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{29}$ .

**4** (*9 points*). If  $p$  is a prime, show that all prime divisors of  $2^p - 1$  are congruent to 1 mod  $p$ . (For example,  $2^{11} - 1 = 23 \cdot 89$  is divisible by the primes 23 and 89 and by no others.)

**5** (*7 points*). Let  $\mu$  be the Möbius function, and let  $\tau$  be the function whose value on  $n \geq 1$  is the number of divisors of  $n$ . Explain why the function  $F(n) := \sum_{d|n} \mu(d)\tau(d)$  satisfies the relation  $F(n_1 n_2) = F(n_1)F(n_2)$  when  $\gcd(n_1, n_2) = 1$ .

Calculate  $F(p^e)$  when  $p$  is a prime and  $e$  is a positive integer.