Please make sure that your name is on everything you hand in. You are allowed calculators and 1 page of notes.

Answer as many questions as you can.

All questions have about the same number of marks.

- 1. Evaluate $\sin(\theta) + \sin(2\theta) + \cdots + \sin(n\theta)$.
- 2. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sqrt{x} dx}{(1+x)^2}.$$

- 3. Expand the function f(x) in a sine-cosine Fourier series, where f(x) is 1 if $0 \le x < \pi$, 0 if $-\pi \le x < 0$, and $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$.
- 4. Calculate the Laplace transform $\int_0^\infty e^{-pt} f(t) dt$ of $f(t) = e^{-at} \sin(bt)$.
- 5. Use Laplace transforms to solve the differential equation y'' 4y' + 4y = 4, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -2. (If y has Laplace transform Y then y' has Laplace transform pY y(0) and y'' has Laplace transform $p^2Y py(0) y'(0)$. Also 1 has Laplace transform 1/p and e^{-at} has Laplace transform 1/(p+a).)
- 6. Find the exponential Fourier transform

$$g(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-i\alpha x} dx$$

for the function f(x) defined by f(x) = x if |x| < 1, f(x) = 0 if $|x| \ge 1$.

7. Write and solve the Euler equations $(d/dx)(\partial F/\partial y') = \partial F/\partial y$ to make the following integral stationary:

$$\int_{x_{1}}^{x_{2}} (y^{'2} + \sqrt{y}) dx$$

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8. Change the dependent variable from y to x in the following integral, then write and solve the Euler equation to make it stationary.

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} (y^{'2} + y^2) dx$$

9. Calculate the inverse Laplace transform

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{c-i\infty}^{c+i\infty} F(z) e^{zt} dz$$

when F is the function $F(z) = 1/(z^4 - 1)$.

10. Find the shortest distance from the origin to the surface

$$3x^2 + y^2 - 4xz = 4.$$