MATH 1B, Lecture 3 Sarason

May 10, 1996

FINAL EXAMINATION

SIGNATURE	
PRINTED NAME	
SID Number_	
TA	
Section time	

Closed book except for crib sheet. No calculators.

SHOW YOUR WORK. Cross out anything you have written that you do not want the grader to consider.

The points for each problem are in parentheses. Perfect score = 145.

1. (10) Determine whether the improper integral

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{d}{dx} (e^{-x} \ln x) dx$$

converges, and if it does, find its value.

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2. (10) Perform the integration: $\int \frac{x^2+2x-1}{x(x^2+1)} dx$

Name_____

3. (10) Perform the integration: $\int \cos^3 x \sin^3 x \, dx$

Name____

4. (15) Find the area of the surface of revolution one obtains by revolving about the x-axis the portion of the curve $y^2 = e^x + 1$ that lies between the lines x = 0 and x = 1.

5. (15) Do the following infinite series converge? Explain your answers. In particular, make clear which convergence tests you are using.

(a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n^{-2} + 2^{-n})$$

(b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{-(n^{1/2})}$$

6. (15) Let k be a real number. (a) Find the n-th Taylor coefficient of the function $f(x)=(1+x)^k$ about the point $x=-\frac{1}{2}$ (n = 0, 1, 2, ...). (b) Determine the radius of convergence of the Taylor series of f about the point $x=-\frac{1}{2}$ (same f as in part (a)).

Name____

7. (10) Find the general solution of the differential equation $(x^2 + 4x + 5)^{1/2}y' = y^2.$

8. (15) Let a vibrating system consist of a weight attached to a spring. Assume that, in suitable units, the mass of the weight is 1, the damping constant is 2, and the spring constant is 2. Assume the system is subjected to the driving force $F(t) = F_0 \sin t$ ($F_0 = \text{constant}$), and that it starts from rest in its equilibrium position at time t = 0. Find the formula giving the displacement as a function of time.

Name		

9. (10) What is the li6th derivative of the function $f(x) = e^{(-x^2)}$ at the origin?

Name____

10. (15) Find a numerical approximation to

 $\int_0^{1/10} \cos(x^2) dx$

accurate to within 10-10. Explain your method. (NO CALCULATORS)

11. (20) (a) Use the method of power series to solve the initial value problem ${}^{\circ}$

 $(1-x^2)y'' - 6xy' - 4y = 0, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0.$

- (b) What is the radius of convergence of the series you obtain?
- (c) Can you sum the series?