\_\_\_\_\_ Name TA & section\_\_\_\_\_ Math 1A — First Midterm V.Jones, Fall 1999 B 200 points total. The first 12 questions are Multiple Choice. worth 10 points each. For each question mark an  $\times$  in the most correct place in the grid below. No partial credit for 1-12. Questions 13, 14 and 15 are not multiple choice. Ъ a С d e 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 TA's only 8 MC\_\_\_\_\_ 13\_\_\_\_\_ 9 1.4 15\_ 10 TOTAL 11 12

1. Which of the following is most correct concerning the function y = f(x), which is differentiable at a.

a) 
$$f'(a) = \lim_{\delta \to a} \frac{f(a+\delta) - f(a)}{\delta}$$

b) 
$$f'(a) = \lim_{\delta \to 0} \frac{f(a + \frac{1}{\delta}) - f(a)}{\delta}$$

c) 
$$f'(a) = \lim_{\delta \to 0} \frac{f(a+\delta) - f(a)}{\left(\frac{1}{\delta}\right)}$$

d) 
$$f'(a) = \lim_{\delta \to a} \frac{f(a+\delta) - f(a)}{\delta}$$

e) f'(a) is the limiting slope of the straight line obtained by zooming in more and more on the graph of y=f(x) at x=a.

## 2. If $f(x) = \sin x \cos x$ , $D^2 f(x)$ is

- a)  $-\sin x \cos x$
- b)  $\sin 2x$
- c) 1
- d)  $-4\sin x \cos x$

e) 
$$\sin^2 x \cos^2 x$$
.

- 3. The position (after t seconds) in meters of a particle travelling on the x axis is  $x(t) = 4t^3 3t^2 + 2t + 1$ . At what time is the acceleration equal to  $4 \text{ m/sec}^2$ ?
  - a) 5/12 sec
  - b) 7/12 sec
  - c) 2.4 sec
  - d) 7/24 sec
  - e) 24/7 sec

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**4**. Which of the following best represents the graph of  $f(x) = \sinh x + \tanh x$ ?

e)



<sup>5</sup>.  $D^{51} \cosh x$  is

a)  $-\sinh x$ 

b)  $-\cosh x$ 

c)  $\sinh x$ 

d)  $51\sinh^{50}x\cosh x$ 

e)  $51 \cosh^{50} x \sinh x$ 

6. 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$
 is  
a) 1  
b)  $\infty$ 

.

c) -1

d) 0

e) doesn't exist

7. 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\tan^2(x-1)}{(x-1)^2}$$
 is  
a) 1  
b)  $\infty$   
c) -1

d) 0

e) doesn't exist

8. If the graph of f' is

У,





e)







- 9. Which of the following identities is incorrect? (For any a > 0.)
  - a)  $e^{\ln(a^2)} = a^2$
  - b)  $\ln(e^{a^2}) = a^2$
  - c)  $\ln(\ln(e^{a^2})) = 2\ln(a)$
  - d)  $\ln(\ln(e^{a^2})) = \ln(a^2)$
- e)  $e^{\ln(2a)} = a^2$

10. Which of the following functions is 1-1?

a) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x > 0 \\ -x^2 & x \le 0 \end{cases}$$
  
b)  $f(x) = \sin x \text{ for } -\pi < x < \pi$   
c)  $f(x) = \cosh x \text{ for } -\pi/2 \le x \le \pi/2$   
d)  $f(x) = \sinh(x^2) \text{ for all } x$   
e)  $f(x) = \ln(x^4) \text{ for } x \ne 0$ 

11. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec^2 x)$$
 is  
a)  $2\tan x \sec^2 x$   
b)  $\tan x$   
c)  $\tan x + C$   
d)  $\tan^2 x$ 

e)  $-2\tan^3 x$ 

12. 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\ln(\ln(n(x)))) \text{ is}$$
  
a)  $\ln(\ln(\frac{1}{x}))$   
b)  $-\frac{2}{x^3}$   
c)  $[\ln(\ln(x))]^{-1}[\ln(x)]^{-1}x^{-1}$   
d)  $-\ln(\ln(x))^{-2}x^{-1}$   
e)  $-\ln(\ln(x))^{-1}x^{-2}$ 

## Longer Questions

13. (30 pts) Find the slopes of the straight line, or lines, tangent to the curve  $y^2 = x - 5$  and passing through the point (2,1).

Write answer here:

path nearest the searchlight?

14. (30 pts) A man walks along a straight path at a speed of 5 ft/s. A searchlight is located on the ground 12 ft from the path and is kept focused on the man. At what speed is the searchlight moving (in radians/sec) when the man is 16 ft from the point on the

Write answer here:

15. (20 pts) Use logarithmic differentiation to find  $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\sqrt[4]{\frac{x^3-1}{x^2+1}}\right)$ 

Write answer here:

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