

Chemistry 1A Fall 2000

Midterm Exam I, version C September 19, 2000

(Closed book, 75 minutes, 105 points)

Name: _____

Section Number: _____

SID: _____

T.A. Name: _____

Identification Sticker

Exam information, extra directions, and useful hints to maximize your score:

- Write your name on all six pages.
- There are two parts to the exam: 1) multiple choice and 2) short answer problems.
- **For the multiple choice problems, fill in the Scantron™ form AND circle the answer on your exam.**
- Answer the questions you know how to do first, then work on the questions you skipped.
- Show all work on the short answer problems for which you want credit and do not forget to include units!
- You may use the back side of the exam pages to show your work and/or for scratch paper.

Unit Prefixes

milli, m ($\times 10^{-3}$)	micro, μ ($\times 10^{-6}$)	nano, n ($\times 10^{-9}$)
kilo, k ($\times 10^3$)	mega, M ($\times 10^6$)	giga, G ($\times 10^9$)

Some possibly useful information:

(Do not write in this box; it is for official use only.)

$$E_{\text{photon}} = hv = hc/\lambda$$

$$E_{\text{kin}}(e^-) = hv - \Phi = hv - hv_0 = mv^2/2$$

$$\lambda_{\text{de Broglie}} = h/p = h/mv$$

Page	Points
2-4	/ 45
5	/ 30
6	/ 30
Total	/ 105

Part 1: Multiple Choice.**(3 pts each, 45 pts total)**

Instructions: Bubble in the correct answer on your Scantron sheet AND circle the answer on your exam. Each question has one correct answer.

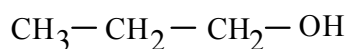
- 1.) The answer to question 1 is C. Bubble in C on your Scantron™ form.
- 2.) Which is required in the greatest quantity (mass) in order to produce 1 gram of Br₂?

A.) HBr B.) NaBr C.) KBr D.) MgBr₂ E.) CaBr₂

- 3.) Which has $\lambda_{\text{de Broglie}}$ equal to one half that of ¹⁶O at the same speed?

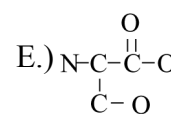
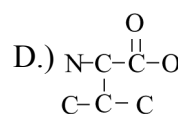
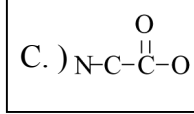
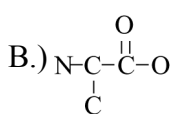
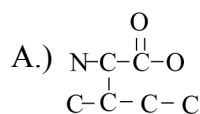
A.) ³²S B.) ²⁴Mg C.) ¹²C D.) ⁸B E.) ⁴He

- 4.) Including the structure below, how many structural isomers of propanol exist?

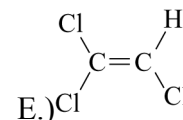
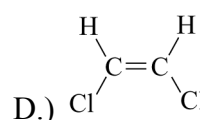
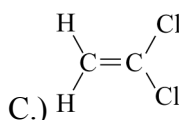
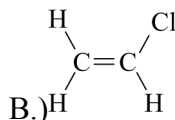
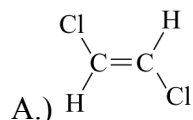


A.) 4 B.) 3 C.) 2 D.) 1 E.) 0

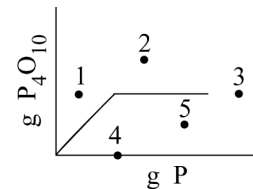
- 5.) Which of the following amino acids is not chiral? (note: the H atoms are not shown)



- 6.) Which of the following molecules does not have an electric dipole moment?

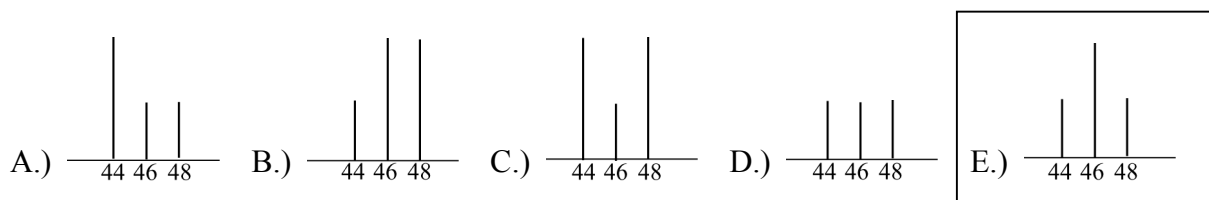


- 7.) Shown is the graph depicting the quantity of P_4O_{10} accumulated in the oxidation of P as a function of added P for a fixed amount of O_2 . Through which point would the graph pass for a similar reaction with access to twice the amount of O_2 ?



- A.) 5 B.) 4 C.) 3 **D.) 2** E.) 1

- 8.) A mixture of one-third ^{12}C , one-third ^{16}O , and one-third ^{18}O reacts to form pure CO_2 . Which is the correct mass spectrum of the CO_2 ?



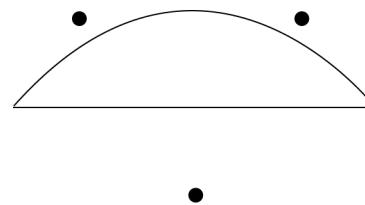
- 9.) How many grams of $CaCO_3$ are formed from the reaction of 56 g of CaO and 56 g of CO_2 ?

- A.) 44 B.) 56 **C.) 100** D.) 112 E.) 128

- 10.) Which of the following contains no ions that are isoelectronic with Ar?

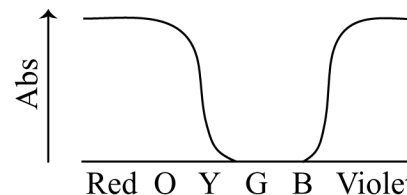
- A.) NaBr** B.) $CaBr_2$ C.) KCl D.) $MgCl_2$ E.) $NaCl$

- 11.) Shown is the standing wave electron wave function for $n=1$. For which n will the wave function pass through all three points?



- A.) 0 B.) 1 C.) 2 **D.) 3** E.) 4

- 12.) The absorption spectrum of a given compound is shown below. What color does it appear under illumination with red light?


 A.) black

 B.) red

 C.) green

 D.) blue

 E.) white

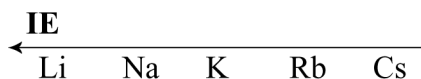
- 13.) Consider the electrolysis of 10 g of liquid water into hydrogen and oxygen gas. Approximately what volume of gas will be formed?

 A.) $\sim 1 \text{ m}^3$
 B.) $\sim 1 \text{ L}$
 C.) $\sim 10 \text{ mL}$
 D.) $\sim 10 \text{ L}$
 E.) $\sim 1 \text{ kL}$

- 14.) Which of the following has a linear molecular structure?

 A.) SO_2
 B.) H_2S
 C.) IF_2^+
 D.) ICl_2^-
 E.) NH_2^-

- 15.) Ionization energy (IE) is the energy required to remove an electron from an atom. For which pair X + Y below will transfer of an electron from X to Y occur at the shortest distance to form ions X^+ and Y^- ?


 A.) Li + Br

 B.) Na + Br

 C.) K + Br

 D.) Rb + Br

 E.) Cs + Br

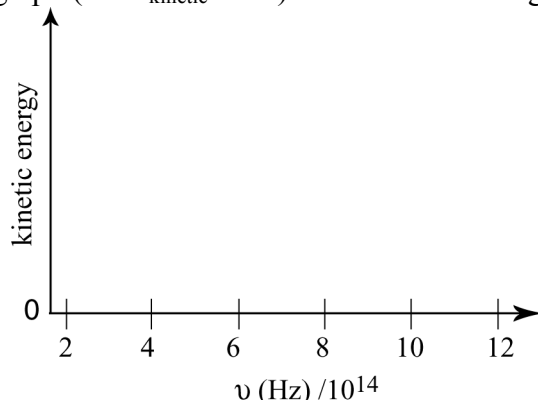
Part 2: Short Answer Problems (60 pts total)

Instructions: Enter answers in the boxes provided. Show your work. Where requested write explanations in fifteen words or less.

(30 pts)

2.) The minimum amount of energy a photon needs to eject an electron from a metal M, occurs in the yellow at $\lambda = 600\text{nm}$.

a) Sketch the photoelectric graph (i.e. E_{kinetic} vs. ν) for this metal using the given axes.



b) What is the energy of an incident ultraviolet photon with $\lambda = 300\text{nm}$?

$$E = hc/\lambda$$

Answer:
 $6.626 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
 #Sig Figs (1) is not important

c) What is the kinetic energy of an electron ejected from M by the photon in part b)?

$$E = hc/\lambda - hc/\lambda_0$$

Answer:
 $3.313 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

d) Calculate the de Broglie wavelength for the electron ejected in part c).

$$\lambda = h/p = h/(2m_e E_{\text{Kin}})^{1/2}$$

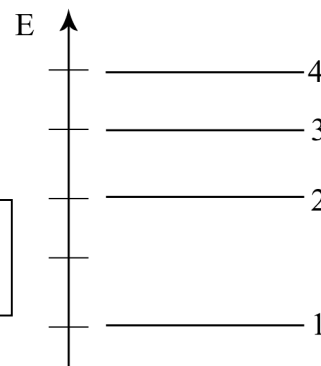
Answer:
 0.853 nm

e) 600 nm light corresponds to transition $4 \rightarrow 1$ in the energy level diagram shown below. What λ corresponds to the $3 \rightarrow 1$ transition?

$$E_{3 \rightarrow 1} = 3/4 E_{4 \rightarrow 1}$$

$$\lambda_{3 \rightarrow 1} = 4/3 \lambda_{4 \rightarrow 1}$$

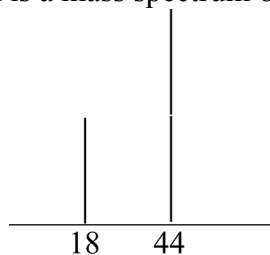
Answer:
 800 nm



(30 pts)

1.) A compound containing only carbon and hydrogen is combusted with oxygen.

a) Shown is a mass spectrum of the combustion products. Identify the products.



Product 1: H₂O (M.W. = 18 g/mol)	Product 2: CO₂ (M.W. = 44 g/mol)
--	--

b) Based on the ratio of peak heights in the mass spectrum, determine the empirical formula of the unknown.

From mass spectrum molar ratio of product CO₂:H₂O is 2:1

Molar ratio of product C:H is 1:1

Molar ratio of reactant C:H is 1:1

Answer:

CH

c) The molecular mass of the unknown is 26 g/mol. What is its molecular formula?

Molar weight corresponding to empirical formula is 13g/mol

Therefore, molecular formula must have twice as many moles of each atom.

Answer:

C₂H₂

d) Draw the Lewis electron dot structure for the unknown.

Structure:

H-C≡C-H

e) Which is true for the H-C-C bond angle (θ) in the unknown? Circle the appropriate answer and explain.

$\theta = 109.5^\circ$

$\theta = 120^\circ$

$\theta = 180^\circ$

Explanation:

Steric Number: 2 means linear structure